was published in the newspapers and steps were taken to identify the families and find their willingness to return to their homes. About 50 families who were registered with the Relief organization, Jammu were contacted personally to give their consent for return to the Valley on the basis of the package announced by the Government. Interaction meetings with some of these families were also held but as reported by State Government, only two families (not belonging to the particular area) have agreed to return to the Valley so far.

The recently elected State Government of J&K has reaffirmed its commitment to create an atmosphere conducive to the safe return of Kashmiri migrants to the Kashmir Valley. Accordingly, it has indicated that it has identified the shrines in Mattan and Kheer Bhavani where the Kashmiri migrants displaced from these places could be settled temporarily be developing two model clusters containing temporary shelters for Kashmiri migrants till such time they can repair their existing residential houses in the Valley.

Subramaniam report on internal security

1439. SHRI NILOTPAL BASU: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the GoM on internal security studying the Subramaniam report identified certain Madarsas of indoctrinating disloyalty to the nation.

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether any specific Madarsa has been found guilty on this score and if so, the details thereof;

(d) the names and other details thereof, State-wise;

(e) whether Government have taken up this issue with respected community leader including Muslim Members of Parliament; and

(f) if so, the outcome thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI I. D. SWAMI): (a) and (b) The Group of Ministers did

not identify any specific Madarsas indoctrinating disloyalty to the nation. However, it expressed its concern about many new Madarsas which came up all over the country in recent years, especially in large numbers in the coastal areas of the West and in the border areas of West Bengal and the North East. It was also observed that the systematic indoctrination of certain sections of the society in the border areas in fundamentalist ideology was detrimental to the country's communal harmony.

(c) and (d) Some Madarsas came to adverse light from the point of view of national security and they have been proceeded against under the relevant laws.

(e) and (f) It was not considered necessary to take up this issue with community leaders, etc.

Expenditure Incurred on security cover to VVIPs

†1440. SHRI D. P. YADAV: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) number of VVIPs to whom security cover has been provided by the Ministry; and

(b) the details with regard to on security cover provided to VVIPs alongwith the expenditure incurred thereon by the Department?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI I. D. SWAMI): (a) Security to threatened individuals including the VVIPs is provided on the basis of threat perception as assessed by the security agencies. The number of protectees keeps on changing as the threat perception varies from time to time.

(b) The quantum of expenditure being incurred on VVIPs' security is difficult to determine precisely, as it involves expenditure on security staff, communications, transport vehicles and overall supervision etc. in respect of various security agencies involved in security duties of VVIPs.

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.